



**1832**  
Great Reform Act lets more men vote in Britain



**1839-1843**  
the Rebecca Riots take place in Wales



**1867**  
more working-class men gain the vote, and John Stuart Mill argues women should be allowed to vote too



**1914-1918**  
World War I



**1928**  
women gain equal voting rights with men in the UK



**1999**  
the Welsh Assembly (now called the Senedd) opens



KEY VOCABULARY

**democracy**

a **system of government** where the **people can vote** to decide things

**suffrage**

the **right to vote**

**Home Front**

life in Britain **during World War I**

**Representation of the People Act**

a law in the UK that **changed who is allowed to vote** in elections

**devolution**

when **power is given** from the UK government to a **local government**

**referendum**

a **special vote** where **all the people in a country** get to decide on **one important issue**

**The Rebecca Riots**



protesters dressed as 'Rebecca' destroyed tollgates in Wales to fight unfair road taxes

**Rachel Barrett**



a Welsh suffragette from Carmarthen who played a key role in campaigning for a woman's right to vote

**The Senedd**



the Welsh Parliament building, located in Cardiff



leader of the National Union for Women's Suffrage Societies

**Millicent Fawcett**



leader of the Womens Social and Political Union

**Emmeline Pankhurst**